

HUGHES REFUSES TO ENTER RACE FOR PRESIDENCY

Tells Nebraska Official to Strike His Name from Primary Ballot.

SWORN DECLARATION SENT BY TELEGRAPH

Politicians Clash in Viewing Effect of Justice's Action—State Secretary to Decide.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]
Washington, Nov. 18.—Justice Charles E. Hughes announced to-day that he had declined to stand as a candidate for the Republican nomination for the Presidency. Justice Hughes's name had been placed on the primary ballot by a petition filed with the Nebraska Secretary of State.

The formal declaration of Justice Hughes, telegraphed to the Secretary of State at Lincoln, was subscribed to by a notary so that the Secretary would have an affidavit on which to base an order to strike the name of Charles E. Hughes from the ballot. The declaration follows:

"A petition having been filed with you on November 13, 1915, requesting that my name be placed upon the official primary ballot of the Republican party for the primary election to be held in Nebraska on April 16, 1916, as a candidate for the office of President of the United States, I hereby notify you that I decline the nomination made by this petition and similar petitions, and request that my name shall not be placed upon the ballots at such primary election."

There are differences of opinion in political circles here as to the technical effect of the Justice's action. The Attorney General of Nebraska has been quoted as saying that Justice Hughes could not withdraw his name from the primary ticket. On the other hand, Nebraska in Washington contend that there is no question as to his right to withdraw. The difference arises over the point whether the declaration privilege incorporated in the primary election law of Nebraska applies to the Presidential preference primary.

It is believed that the Secretary of State of Nebraska, on the receipt of the declaration, will lay the matter before the Attorney General, and that the latter's opinion will be accepted by the Secretary. It is not believed that the courts will be asked to review the interpretation of local law given by the Attorney General.

The nominating petition stated that Justice Hughes's name was filed absolutely without his knowledge, and that while the petitioners were aware that he was opposed to any consideration of his name as a candidate, they were convinced that the welfare of the nation, in its broadest sense, demands the drafting of its highest and most available talent to lead in the approaching contest for the triumph of Republican principles, and that the emergency demands a resort to conscription.

To Rule as He Sees Fit, Nebraska Official's Reply

[By Telegram to The Tribune.]
Omaha, Nov. 18.—The question of placing the name of Justice Charles E.

Hughes on the Nebraska Presidential preference primary ballot as a candidate for the Republican nomination for President is one for the Secretary of State, C. W. Pool.
Secretary Pool, in a message to-day to the Secretary of the justice, intimated that he would not be governed by any opinion that Attorney General Reed might submit. In the message Mr. Pool said:
"The department reserves the right to make such rulings as in the opinion of the Secretary of State appear within its province, and the personal wishes of Justice Hughes will receive the most careful consideration."
It is the opinion here that, despite the wishes of many Republicans, among whom are those that signed the nominating petition, the Secretary will regard the request of Justice Hughes as sufficient and erase his name from the ballot.
Republicans assert that the justice has been "drafted," and hence must run. Mr. Pool will decide in a few days.

WEEKS TAKES HIS BOOM TO CHICAGO

Urges Subsidies to Uphold Merchant Marine—Predicts Republican Victory.

[By Telegram to The Tribune.]
Chicago, Nov. 18.—Senator John W. Weeks, of Massachusetts, introduced his campaign for the Republican Presidential nomination to Chicago to-day by a speech at the Hamilton Club.

Senator Weeks professed confidence in a Republican victory next year, and told of a conversation between a friend of his and Colonel Roosevelt in which the Colonel is reported to have said that he would support any Republican for the Presidency except one who was concerned in the steal of 1912. This, by inference, was taken to eliminate Elihu Root from Colonel Roosevelt's list of eligibles.

Senator Weeks also gave his programme for the rehabilitation of the American merchant marine, the upbuilding of which he declared to be absolutely essential to our commercial progress.

"The social and businesslike course in providing for this condition is to adopt the practices of other countries, which would mean some kind of subsidies or mail subsidies," he said.

"We now have one line of ocean steamships to Europe, employing four reasonably good ships, although they line to Caribbean ports, employing two ships; the Ward Line to Cuba and Mexico, and, until the passage of the seaman's act by the last Congress, on steamship operated by the Great North-western Steamship Company, and four sailing under the flag of the Pacific Mail Company on the Pacific."

"The ships operating on the Pacific have been sold within thirty days, so that there is not now a single American ship engaged in the regular trans-Pacific service. We have turned over the carrying trade on that ocean, as far as we can do so, to the Japanese, the ships of which country will hereafter carry our mails, our passengers and our goods, even those going to our own dependencies."

Myron T. Herrick, ex-Ambassador to France, predicted a sweeping Republican victory next year.

PITY BAN ON FORD'S ADS

"London Daily Mail" Refuses Them Because of Attitude to Allies.
London, Nov. 18.—"The Daily Mail" announces that so long as Henry Ford maintains his hostile attitude toward the Allies, no more of his automobile advertisements will be allowed to appear in that paper.

MAJOR ROBERT R. MOTON.



Commandant of cadets at Hampton Institute, and probable successor at Tuskegee of Booker T. Washington.

U. S. WINS PLEA FOR SALVARSAN

British to Raise Blockade on German Medical Compound.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]
London, Nov. 18.—The American government's appeal to Great Britain for a six month's supply of salvarsan, an important medical compound manufactured in Germany, will be granted immediately, it was learned here to-day. Before this supply is exhausted the United States expects to be able to manufacture the compound.

When the matter was under discussion by British officials, they had to meet the objection of the French government, which claimed that it could supply salvarsan of its own manufacture the American demand. The French protested the substitution of German salvarsan.

Great Britain, however, will release immediately fifteen cases of the compound made in Germany, an amount sufficient for the present needs in American hospitals. Further supplies as required will be furnished either from German or French sources.

Invented by Dr. Paul Ehrlich, of Berlin, for the treatment of spirillar infections of the blood, salvarsan—an unfamiliar word—has spelled relief for hundreds of thousands of sufferers in the United States.

Big Supply Before War.

Most of the supply used in this city has been imported by H. A. Metz & Co., of 122 Hudson Street, from a chemical house in Frankfurt-on-Main. Just before Great Britain published the Orders in Council shutting off such shipments from Germany to this country, the local dealers in chemicals purchased \$200,000 worth of salvarsan. Two months ago the supply became so low that physicians from all parts of the United States were forced to limit their treatment of diseases requiring this compound to those suffering the most advanced stages.

Importing drug houses appealed to the State Department, telling of the terrible conditions prevailing in all large seaport cities of the United States where certain cases of blood diseases could not be handled owing to the scarcity of the compound. Recognizing the urgency of the situation, the State Department made strong representations to Great Britain and the Allied governments on humanitarian grounds. Such pressure was brought to bear through Washington to urge that novocain and salvarsan be permitted through the British blockade for shipment to this country.

If the shipments held up recently are released through Great Britain, according to H. A. Metz & Co., the United States will have enough salvarsan to provide for the next six months.

Investigation by The Tribune yesterday shows that drug stores are charging \$15 for a small quantity of the compound that formerly sold for \$3 and that the general shortage has affected most of the large hospitals in Manhattan and vicinity.

"Our supply of salvarsan is practically all gone, although we made efforts to buy extra large quantities as soon as the war began," said Dr. C. J. Seay, of 111 West Fifty-second Street, who is in charge of the clinic for blood diseases at the Hudson Street Hospital. "In the absence of this compound our only alternative is to revert to the old-fashioned mercury treatment or to turn patients away."

Canadian Has Substitute.
Dr. C. F. Haines, house surgeon at the Hudson Street Hospital, said that he understood that a Canadian chemist was manufacturing a good substitute for salvarsan, which will be put on the market within a few months. "We have only enough for a few more treatments, and occasionally as many as ten patients a day come to Gouverneur Hospital," said the house surgeon. Dr. W. H. Gamhill, last night, "A serious medical situation will arise unless we get more salvarsan within the next month. Several maternity cases involving treatments for blood diseases have been refused here owing to the lack of Ehrlich's compound."

Surgeons at Bellevue Hospital reported that the salvarsan treatment had been abandoned at that institution two years ago on account of the high expense entailed in free clinics. Several hospitals in Brooklyn reported that their supplies were very low and that they knew of no adequate substitute for the compound.

In the science of medicine this German specific is used in chemotherapy, the treatment of internal microbial diseases by injecting into the blood chemical substances that destroy the parasitic germs, but which are not poisonous to the human tissue.

PAROLE BREAKER WINTER OUTLOOK CAUGHT AT SEA CHEERING TO POOR

British Take Lieut. Koch, Fugitive from Norfolk, on Danish Ship.

"DUMMIES" ON EITEL, IS BELIEF

U. S. Official Thinks Entire Crew Has Hired Substitutes and Escaped.

London, Nov. 18.—Lieutenant Henri Koch, one of the officers of the interned German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, who violated his parole and left Norfolk on October 17, has been taken off a Danish steamer in the North Sea by the British naval authorities.

Lieutenant Koch, who was sailing as a seaman, joined the steamer at Baltimore, giving his nationality as Dutch. [By Telegram to The Tribune.]
Baltimore, Nov. 18.—Close on the heels of the two interned German converted cruisers at Norfolk have, in disguise, taken the places of officers so that their superiors might escape and return, if possible, to Germany, came the announcement to-day from a government official that, in the opinion of the Department of Justice, not one of the original members of the crews are still aboard the ships. This official expresses the belief that all have left "dummies" in their places.

Rear-Admiral Beatty, commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, telegraphed to Police Marshal Carter that he would come to Baltimore to-morrow to see the man held here for the United States authorities. This man is believed by the local authorities to be Otto Unger, of the Prinz Eitel Friedrich's crew. He was arrested on Tuesday night.

MEAT WRAPPING CRUSADE ON

Health Department to Stop Use of Newspapers in Markets.
In the future inspectors of the Department of Health will enforce a rule that all meat and fish sold in East Side markets shall be wrapped in new, clean wrapping paper, instead of in old newspapers.

A crusade was begun yesterday by Dr. Lucius P. Brown, of the Health Department's bureau of food and drugs. Inspectors who for the last month have been investigating the source of the newspapers used by the butchers and fishmongers. Dr. Brown declared, "I am sure that the people who buy their meat and fish from the East Side markets, who picked them out of refuse barrels and dumps. One inspector purchased some fish wrapped in a newspaper two years old."

1% PER MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
MANHATTAN.
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Bridge St., cor. Rivington St.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
Seventh Ave., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Aves.
BROOKLYN.
Courtlandt Ave., cor. 148th St.
BROOKLYN.
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Devoise Ave.
Pittkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.
1/2 PER CENT CHARGED ON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

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1/2 PER CENT CHARGED ON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

Cammeyer
Stamped on a Shoe means
Standard of Merit
Sixth Ave. at 20th St.—301 Fifth Ave.

Take A Joy Ride With Me
The LOG of The ARK
BY GORDON-FREEMAN
PRICE \$1.
A really funny book

Chauffeurs' Outfits
Special AT \$43.50
Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match
Smart, neat, perfect fitting, and durable; the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought. A Double-Breasted Overcoat. A Smart Norfolk Jacket, with Trousers or Breeches. A Cap of Regulation Chauffeur's Style.
Made of fine quality worsted whipcord in two shades of gray and in tan—the outfit complete \$43.50, or, as follows:
Overcoat . \$25.00
Suit . \$16.50
Cap . \$2.00
Suit with two pairs of Trousers or Breeches or one pair of each—\$23.50
Other Outfits of Better Grade at \$57.50, \$75.00 and \$125.00
Chauffeurs' Raincoats—Guaranteed Waterproof—\$20 and \$22
Motor Apparel Catalogue Mailed on Request.
Brill Brothers
BROADWAY at 49th ST.

B. Altman & Co.
The Custom Shirt Department is amply equipped for the filling of orders for
Men's Dress Shirts
made from individual measurements.
Included in the large stock of new materials reserved for this purpose is an extensive assortment of Imported Shirt Bosoms of French Pique, in many attractive designs; also of fine Linen, showing flat tucks in various widths. The latter, which are intended for medium stiff laundering, are especially desirable for dinner or dance wear.

B. Altman & Co.
Great care has been exercised in producing the smart appearance so noticeable in
Men's Balta Shoes
which are shown in all the popular leathers for dress occasions and general wear.
A Sale for to-day and Saturday will consist of
MEN'S BALTA LACE SHOES
in tan or black calf and patent leather, at the special price of . . . per pair 5.50
Sturdy School Shoes, made over lasts adapted to the requirements of the growing boy, are in the regular stock.
Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

National Defence
Professor R. M. Johnston, of Harvard University, writes for Sunday's Tribune the first of a series of articles in which he considers the problem of defence as a military, not a political, proposition.
It is an article that shows how the greatest military resources of a nation are in its most populous regions; and it tells why New York, the greatest centre of America's latent war power, is yet the most easy prize awaiting an invader in the whole civilized world.
You will want to follow this series in their logical sequence. The one safe way to avoid missing any of them is to tell your newsdealer to save a Tribune for you every Sunday. Tell him now.
The Sunday Tribune
First to Last—The Truth:
News—Editorials—Advertisements
Turn your PIANO into a **PLAYER PIANO**
A small outlay your piano can be turned into a player piano of the highest quality and which we fully guarantee. Come in for a demonstration.
KNABE
5th Ave., at 39th St.

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